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MRS. ANNIE LANGE, of R. F. D. 1, Burlington, Tex., writes as follows regarding her experience with Cardui: "Some time ago I had a nervous breakdown of some kind. I was very weak and so nervous. I had fainting spells and suffered a great deal, but more from the weak, tremble, no-account feeling than anything else. I knew I needed a tonic, and needed it badly. I began the use of Cardui to see if I couldn't get some strength, as I knew of other cases that had been helped by its use. I soon saw a great improvement, so I kept it up. I used seven bottles of Cardui, and can say the money was well spent, for I grew well and strong. Am now able to do all my housework and a great deal of work besides."

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Clemenceau in two speeches Elwood Hamilton, former Col- in New York declared the United States responsible for European unrest by backing out from the Allies after the war was won.

Murphy, Mayor Hylan and other New York Democratic politicians held a conference at French Lick Springs with Tom Taggart and others.

Investigation of the mysterious death of Irvine Henderson, his wife and four small children, points towards their poisoning. They lived at Lancaster, Ohio.



Timothy Healy, familiarly known as "Tim," is said to be likely to be appointed the first governor general of the Irish Free State.

## MINE EXPLOSION KILLS EIGHTY-SEVEN WORKERS

Blast Entombs 475 Men in an Alabama Pit—Fire Balks Rescue Parties.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 23.—Eighty-five miners are dead, 75 are injured, as a result of the Woodward Iron company mine explosion. The 75 injured are among 125 men who were removed later through a manway connecting mines 2 and 3. The 85 dead were found in the entries nearest the manway. One group of workers reported bodies were strewn all along the main passageway. The injured men who were rescued were rushed to Bessemer hospitals. Fifty per cent of them are white. The explosion was followed by a fire, which obstructed the work of rescue. Many men are believed to have perished in the flames. All the doctors and nurses in the vicinity are caring for the wounded.

## JAPANESE YIELD TO CHINA

Troops to Leave Shantung Dec. 1—Military Operations Begun Against the Chinese Bandits.

Peking, Nov. 25.—Japan will vacate Shantung on Dec. 1, making heavy concessions to China. Military operations have been begun against the band of bandits terrorizing Honan province, and the brigands have threatened to kill the missionaries they have in captivity. The bandits have retreated from the railway zone on the approach of troops. An early release of the foreigners therefore is unlikely.

## CLEMENCEAU IS CRITICIZED

"Tigers" Speech in New York Raises Storm in Paris—Lambasted by Newspapers.

Paris, Nov. 23.—The newspapers severely criticize the speech of M. Clemenceau in New York. "Clemenceau is explaining to America what he could not explain to France," La Liberte asserts. Journal des Debats says: "Clemenceau is only saying what everyone has known, but it is unfortunate he has had to go to America to defend his actions in France."

## DEMONSTRATION IN SENATE

Cheers From the Gallery Greet the Announcement of Senator Newberry's Resignation.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Cheers from the gallery greeted the announcement in the senate that Truman H. Newberry had resigned. President Pro Tem Cummins, one of those who voted last summer to seat Newberry, was in the chair. He threatened to have the galleries cleared if the demonstration were repeated.

## SENATOR FELTON NOW AN EX

First Woman to Sit in Upper House Closes Senatorial Career of 22 Hours' Service.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The first American woman senator, Mrs. W. H. Felton of Georgia, closed her senatorial career after answering once to her name and making a brief address. Her successor, Walter F. George, was sworn in, and Mrs. Felton became a former senator after an actual service of 22 hours and 25 minutes.

## WM. B. LLOYD IN PRISON

Chicago Millionaire, ("Reddest of the Red") Now in the Joliet Penitentiary.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 22.—William Bross Lloyd of Chicago, millionaire "reddest of the red," who eluded deputy sheriffs for six days after a spectacular escape from his Winnetka home, surrendered at the gates of Joliet penitentiary Tuesday night. He was put in prison uniform at 1 o'clock in the morning.

## HARDING DELIVERS SUBSIDY MESSAGE

President Presents Plea to Both Houses in Person.

## TRADE FLEET IS NECESSARY

Executive Before the Solons in Plea for Help for the United States Merchant Marine—Special Session Hears Message.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Enactment of the administration merchant marine bill was urged upon congress by President Harding as necessary to relieve the government of present "staggering losses" in operation of the war-built merchant fleet, and to establish a program of assured shipping to serve the nation in war and give a guaranty of commercial independence in time of peace.

Personally addressing a joint session of the house and senate, the executive declared an actual monetary saving to the government would result from the proposed law. He challenged every insinuation of favored interests and the enrichment of the special few at the expense of the public treasury. The legislation, he asserted, automatically guarded against enrichment or perpetual bestowal. The President said in part:

President's Address.

"Members of the Congress: Late last February I reported to you relative to the American merchant marine, and recommended legislation which the executive branch of the government deemed essential to promote our merchant marine and with it our national welfare.

"Other problems were pressing and other questions pending, and for one reason or another, which need not be recited, the suggested legislation has not progressed beyond a favorable recommendation by the house committee. The committee has given the question a full and painstaking inquiry and study, and I hope that its favorable report speedily will be given the force of law.

Would Clear Atmosphere.

"It will be helpful in clearing the atmosphere if we start with the frank recognition of divided opinion and determined opposition. It is no new experience. Like proposals have divided the congress on various previous occasions. Perhaps a more resolute hostility never was manifest before, and I am very sure the need for decisive action—decisive, favorable action—never was so urgent before.

"We are not now dealing with a policy founded on theory; we have a problem which is a grim actuality. We are facing insistent conditions, out of which will come either additional and staggering government losses and national impotence on the seas, or else the unfurling of the flag on a great American merchant marine commensurate with our commercial importance, to serve us as carrier of our cargoes in peace and meet the necessities of our defense in war.

Spent Three Billions.

"There is no thought here and now to magnify the relation of a merchant marine to our national defense. It is enough to recall that we entered the World war almost wholly dependent on our allies for transportation by sea. We expended approximately three billions, feverishly, extravagantly, wastefully and impractically. Out of our eagerness to make up for the omis- sions of peace and to meet the war emergency we builded and otherwise acquired the best merchant fleet, which the government owns today.

"In the simplest way I can say it our immediate problem is not to build and support a merchant shipping which I hold to be one of the highest and most worthy aspirations of any great people. Our problem is to deal with what we now possess. Our problem is to relieve the public treasury of the drain it already is meeting.

Offers Three Solutions.

"Three courses of action are possible and the choice among them is no longer to be avoided.

"The first is constructive. Enact the pending bill under which I firmly believe an American merchant marine privately operated, but serving all the people and always available to the government in any emergency, may be established and maintained.

"The second is obstructive. Continue government operations and at tending government losses and discourage private enterprise by govern- ment competition, under which losses are met by the public treasury, and witness the continued losses and deterioration until the colossal failure ends in sheer exhaustion.

"The third is destruction. It involves the sacrifice of our ships abroad or the scrapping of them at home, the sur- render of our aspirations.

Answer Is Apparent.

"When the question is asked, Why the insistence for the merchant ma- rine act now? the answer is apparent. It would seem to me doubly hu- miliating when we own the ships and fall in the genius and capacity to turn their prowess toward the maris of the world.

## SEES PERIL IN LAW VIOLATION

Breakdown of the Prohibition Act Gives Harding Fear.

## CABINET PONDERES REMEDIES

President and His Advisers Meet to Talk of Enforcement Failure—May Appeal to Public for Support.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Complete breakdown in liquor law enforcement, bringing with it a contempt for all law and, graver still, a lack of full measured respect for American institutions, is giving President Harding and other administration leaders grave concern. The entire time of the cabinet session Friday was given to consideration of the failure to make the country measurably dry.

Holds People Accountable.

The cabinet concluded that the people were to be held accountable for the failure rather than the law. An official statement made after the cabinet meeting as to the situation throughout the country as far as prohibition is concerned created a mild sensation in Washington because it was so in contrast with official announcements made over a long period of months by Prohibition Commissioner Haynes, which in every instance proclaimed a growing respect for the law and an increase in sentiment for law enforcement.

Concerned by Disregard.

The concern of the President and his advisers is primarily with the menace to the country seen in the disregard for the prohibition law by otherwise law-abiding citizens.

The cabinet discussed ways and means of strengthening law enforcement and regard for the prohibition laws and the eighteenth amendment. The conclusion was that some form of appeal to the people was necessary. A means is being sought to get the support and help of the conscience-driven, government-loving members of the community that they will not permit or countenance violation of the liquor laws any more than other laws.

## STARTS QUIZ ON KU KLUX

Reported Klan Invaded Capitol at Washington in Full Regalia—Congressman Demands Probe.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Congressional investigation of published reports that the Ku Klux Klan had invaded the United States capitol building and in full regalia staged an initiation ceremony was demanded by Representative John W. Rainey, Illinois.

He introduced a joint resolution providing for an investigating committee of three senators and four members of the house. The committee would inquire also into assertions that the state, war and navy and other government buildings have been made use of for Klan ceremonies.

## COAL DISTRIBUTION STAYS

Federal Control Must Continue Until January 1, the President Tells Director C. S. Spens.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Federal control of coal distribution must be continued until January 1, President Harding decided. C. S. Spens, federal fuel distributor, called on the President to resign his office, but after discussing the situation agreed to remain in service until that date and to continue in effect the present supervision or a modification of it until the first of the year.

## FORMER PASTOR HANGS MAN

Iowa Preacher-Sheriff Springs the Trap on Second Murderer Since Taking Office.

Fort Madison, Ia., Nov. 25.—Sheriff W. E. Robb, former pastor, performed his second legal execution, springing the trap hanging Orrie Cross, convicted slayer of George Fosdick, a Des Moines grocer. Eugene Weeks, who was implicated in the murder of Fosdick, was hanged by the former pastor September 15.

## WILL RETIRE GOV. HARDING

President Decides Not to Reappoint Head of the Federal Reserve Board.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Following the filing of formal protests by members of the senate farm bloc against the reappointment of W. P. G. Harding as governor of the Federal Reserve board, President Harding has assured members of the bloc that he will defer to their wishes and will not reappoint Mr. Harding.

## BOGUS MONEY MAKERS ACTIVE

New Counterfeit \$10 Federal Note Is Warned Against by New York Banks.

New York, Nov. 23.—After several months of inactivity bogus money makers are again at work, and so far as can be learned their present base of operations is in Canada. The New York Federal Reserve bank warns of the appearance of a new counterfeit \$10 Federal Reserve bill.

## According to Luke.

The Gospel of the infancy 1:5-2:52. These chapters have often been attacked as unhistorical. The following points are urged against them, viz. that they lack apostolic authority; that they cover ground which popular imagination in the absence of history, would be sure to fill; that they abound in angelic appearances and other marvels; that their form is often highly poetical; and that it is sometimes difficult to reconcile them with Matthew or with known facts of history. To this it may be replied that reserve would keep Christ's mother from making these facts known at first, even the apostles may not have known them at first and if they knew them at first they may have been unwilling to tell until the comparatively late date at which Luke wrote. The dignity, beauty and spirituality of these narratives is strong evidence of their authenticity especially when contrasted with the silly, grotesque and even immoral details in the apocryphal gospels. They abound in historic features and are eminently true to life. That Luke is even at variance with other historians has yet to be proved; and the merit of greater accuracy may still be with him, even such variance exists.

This Gospel of the infancy is made up of seven narratives, in two parallel groups of three: followed by a supplement which connects these two groups with the main body of the Gospel. The first group consists of The Annunciation of the Birth of the Forerunner; The Annunciation of the Birth of the Savior; The visit of the Mother of the Savior to the Mother of the Forerunner. The second consists of The Birth of the Forerunner; The Birth of the Savior; The circum- cision and Presentation of the Savior.

The Boyhood of the Savior connects these six narratives with the main body of the gospel.

The Annunciation of the Birth of the Forerunner 1:5-25. "When John the Baptist appeared, not the oldest man in Palestine could remember to have spoken even in his earliest childhood with any man who had seen a prophet. In these circumstances it was an occurrence of the first magnitude, more important far than war or revolution, when a new prophet appeared" (Ecce Homo ch. 1). The miracles recorded are in keeping with this. God was making a new departure in dealing with his people. We need not, therefore, be startled if a highly exceptional situation is accompanied by exceptional facts. The silence of three centuries is broken again by prophecies and sign to Israel. But there is no violent break with the past in making this new departure. The announcement of the rise of a new Prophet is made in the temple at Jerusalem to a priest of the old covenant, who is to be the Prophet's father. This new miracle is prophesied of the new Prophet and that none is attributed to him by his disciples after his appearance is strong evidence of the historic truth of the narrative.

Carson Taylor.

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